

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Commissions' Court Tom Green County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tom Green County (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2025 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas March 25, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Tom Green County, Texas, we offer readers of Tom Green County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here with the County's financial statements which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Tom Green County exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2024, by \$103,951,087. Of this amount, \$43,712,971 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the County's fund designations and fiscal policies.
- The County's total net position increased by \$3,067,592.
- At the end of the 2024 fiscal year, Tom Green County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$56,829,055, an increase of \$8,872,198 compared with the prior year.
- The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$35,975,905 or 60% of total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance increased 14% from the prior year's unassigned fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Tom Green County's basic financial statements. The financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Tom Green County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business. The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Tom Green County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents a comparison between direct expenses and revenues for each of the County's functions or programs. Direct expenses are those that are specially associated with an activity and are clearly identifiable with that activity. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not programmatic are presented as general revenues. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Tom Green County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of Tom Green County include general government, public safety, conservation, highways and streets, health and welfare, and culture and recreation. Tom Green County has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Tom Green County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County are categorized as either governmental funds or fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of resources, as well as on balances of resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities.

Tom Green County maintains 52 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Grants Fund and Local Provider Participation Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Tom Green County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, Grants Fund and Local Provider Participation Fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. More information is available concerning the County's budget by reviewing the approved annual budget on file with the Tom Green County Clerk.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support Tom Green County's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary Information: Generally accepted accounting principles also require certain information to be presented in the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining fund statements can also be found following this section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of Tom Green County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$103,951,087 at the close of the fiscal year.

Tom Green County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and roads and bridges), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, is 50% of net position. Tom Green County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Tom Green County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the remaining net position, \$43,712,971 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, and 8%, \$8,104,570, of net position is restricted.

TOM GREEN COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				
	2024	2023			
Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 75,812,201 	\$ 72,082,136 112,985,993 185,068,129			
Deferred outflows of resources	4,754,198	4,642,001			
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	20,379,365 <u>62,933,045</u> <u>83,312,410</u>	25,889,262 62,099,943 87,989,205			
Deferred inflows of resources	809,729	837,430			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	52,133,546 8,104,570 <u>43,712,971</u>	54,322,988 7,753,842 <u>38,806,665</u>			
Total net position	\$ <u>103,951,087</u>	\$ <u>100,883,495</u>			

As of September 30, 2024, the County has positive balances in all categories of net position.

TOM GREEN COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmer	ntal Activities
	2024	2023
REVENUES		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 11,510,093	\$ 10,679,132
Operating grants and contributions	37,039,771	34,244,282
Capital grants and contributions	1,188,416	-
General revenues:		
Property taxes	48,622,026	45,043,546
Other taxes	13,693,761	13,539,688
Investment earnings	3,245,023	2,576,333
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-
Miscellaneous	548,746	498,430
Total revenues	115,847,836	106,581,411
EXPENSES		
General government	52,989,282	47,430,680
Public safety	42,276,376	37,154,615
Highways and streets	7,509,642	5,775,112
Conservation	2,241,337	1,042,243
Health and welfare	2,316,438	2,543,098
Culture and recreation	3,544,872	3,757,021
Interest on long-term debt	1,902,297	1,988,703
Total expenses	112,780,244	99,691,472
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,067,592	6,889,939
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	100,883,495	93,993,556
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 103,951,087</u>	<u>\$ 100,883,495</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Key elements of the analysis of governmental activities through revenues and expenses include the following:

- Property tax revenues increased by \$3,578,480 from fiscal year 2023 to 2024. This was partially attributable to new properties that were added to the tax base, which accounted for \$1,105,831 of the increase. The Commissioners Court set a total property tax rate in fiscal year 2024 of \$.47290 per \$100 of appraised value.
- Other tax revenue included sales tax collections of \$13,203,943. This was an increase of 1.3% from fiscal year 2023. Stable, to slightly increased, consumer spending was the contributing factor to the year-over-year increase. The local economy continues to benefit from a diversified business community producing good economic results.
- Total expenses for governmental activities increased by 13.1% across the functions of government. The County continued to seek ways to retain workers and increase their compensation to be more competitive, which was a primary goal of the budgetary process this fiscal year. The majority of employees received a 10% increase in pay for cost of living and merit raises. In addition, the Commissioners Court increased the employer matching, from 1.5 to 1.75, for employees in the Texas County & District Retirement system, providing an increased benefit upon their retirement.

Governmental Funds: The focus of Tom Green County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of resources. Such information is useful in assessing Tom Green County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2024 fiscal year, Tom Green County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$56,829,055, an increase of \$8,872,198 compared with the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Tom Green County. At the end of fiscal year 2024, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$48,894,898 with \$28,562 classified as non-spendable. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 60% of total General Fund expenditures. In addition, overall revenue in the General Fund increased \$4,466,430 from 2023, and General Fund expenditures increased \$3,705,718 in the same time.

Descriptions of Functions/Programs:

General Government: The costs associated with management and support departments (e.g. County Treasurer, Human Resources, and Risk Management), operations of the court systems and prosecution offices (District and County Courts, Justices of the Peace, District and County Attorneys), costs of maintaining public facilities including the Justice Center and the Juvenile Detention Center, the Elections Department, and financial administration for the County.

Public Safety: The costs associated with the investigation and arrest of individuals suspected to be involved in criminal activities as well as costs associated with emergency services (i.e. Sheriff's Department, Constables, and Volunteer Fire Departments), in addition to the operations of the court systems and prosecution offices (District and County Courts, Justices of the Peace, District and County Attorneys).

Conservation: Includes support for the agriculture and homemakers extension office.

Highways and Streets: The costs associated with County road and bridge departments and maintaining the County's infrastructure.

Health and Welfare: The costs associated with providing health benefits to citizens of the County (i.e. Indigent Health Care, Mental Health Unit, and contributions to support organizations).

Culture and Recreation: The costs associated with the operations of the County Library and Parks.

Interest on Long-term Debt: The finance charges associated with debt issuances for construction of County facilities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2024, amounts to \$107,506,827 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure (roads and bridges), equipment, and furnishings. In addition, the County capitalized the following amounts during the year in completing capital projects or purchasing assets:

Land	\$ 1,339
Construction in progress	1,549,627
Buildings	1,798,148
Machinery and equipment	1,615,898
Infrastructure	94,897
Right-to-use	467,627

CAPITAL ASSETS

	Historical Cost			Accumulated Depreciation		Net Investment		
Land	\$ 3,802,781		\$ 3,802,78		\$	-	\$	3,802,781
Construction in progress		1,721,790		-		1,721,790		
Buildings and improvements		152,346,227		60,871,404		91,474,823		
Improvements other than buildings		781,995		50,963		731,032		
Infrastructure		26,178,446		22,864,984		3,313,462		
Machinery and equipment		31,032,558		25,106,023		5,926,535		
Right to use - asset	_	1,601,667	_	1,065,263	_	536,404		
Total	\$	217,465,464	\$	109,958,637	\$_	107,506,827		

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's long-term outstanding liabilities was as follows:

		Original Interest Amount Rate		5		 Balance 09/30/24
Certificates of Obligation	\$	67,475,000	2-5%	\$ 51,935,000		
Bond premium		4,793,137	N/A	3,091,861		
Compensated absences		N/A	N/A	2,530,281		
Leases payable		N/A	N/A	48,266		
SBITAs		N/A	N/A	 298,154		
Total				\$ 57,903,562		

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In fiscal year 2024, significant budget items included a cost-of-living wage increase for County employees, replacement of road equipment, and new vehicles purchased as the County maintains its fleet. The Commissioners' Court also made revisions during the year to the original appropriations approved for the 2024 fiscal year budget. These revisions were mainly transfers within departments necessary to cover the expenditures of office by individual line items. Property taxes levied for the year allowed the County to pay for large expenses associated with capital murder trials and the significantly increased cost of required medical coverage in the jail, among other regular expenditures. The County budgets conservatively for anticipated revenues and expenditures, allowing for an adequate reserve in fund balance as a safety net and savings for the future.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Tom Green County's local economy remains diverse, ensuring long-term stability. While the real estate market remains steady, growth is unlikely due to higher interest rates. Additionally, after several years of significant year-over- year gains, sales tax collections are beginning to level off. The County expects the economic outlook to remain consistent with the previous year.

FUTURE BUDGET CONCERNS

The County continues to budget and plan for capital improvements to maintain its assets and provide suitable space for public business and County employees. The County also continues to contend with the costs of serious crimes, with twelve murder trials pending on the court dockets, four of which are capital cases. While this is fewer than in previous years, a significant financial concern remains with each capital case. The County must plan to fund the prosecution and, in most instances, the defense in these cases, while still maintaining an adequate reserve in equity. Staffing shortages in the County have improved from the previous year, but challenges remain in retaining employees. The county's employee turnover rate for fiscal year 2024 was 26%. As the County continues to pursue grant opportunities, it must carefully evaluate its reliance on grant funding and assess the potential risks associated with the loss of these revenue streams. The County's grant revenue in fiscal year 2024 was \$8,995,949, a substantial increase from \$2,835,162 in fiscal year 2020. Lastly, the State Legislature is currently in session and any law passed affecting the County could have budgetary impacts.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Tom Green County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

County Auditor's Office 113 W. Beauregard Avenue San Angelo TX 76903 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024	
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 15,290,187
Investments	49,551,908
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	4,884,826
Due from other governments Inventory	6,056,718 28,562
Capital assets:	20,502
Land	3,802,781
Construction in progress	1,721,790
Buildings	152,346,227
Improvements other than buildings	781,995
Infrastructure	26,178,446
Machinery and equipment	31,032,558
Right to use	1,601,667 (109,958,637)
Less: accumulated depreciation	107,506,827
Total capital assets	
Total assets	183,319,028
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,544,630
Deferred outflows related to postemployment benefits	209,568
Total deferred outflows	4,754,198
LIABILITIES	7 979 994
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	7,370,031
Due to other governments	1,640,532 1,631,744
Accrued interest	336,964
Unearned revenue	5,851,983
Noncurrent liabilities:	0,002,000
Due within one year	
Long-term debt	3,531,584
Total OPEB liability	16,527
Due in more than one year	
Long-term debt	54,371,978
Net pension liability	7,662,521
Total OPEB liability	898,546
Total liabilities	83,312,410
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	15,866
Deferred inflows related to postemployment benefits	793,863
Total deferred inflows	809,729
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	52,133,546
Restricted for:	
Debt service	590,923
Road and bridge	967,526
Culture and recreation	801,427
General government	1,134,892
Health and welfare	2,302,300
Public safety	1,847,525
Other	459,977
Unrestricted	43,712,971
Total net position	<u>\$ 103,951,087</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Program	Revenue		
Functions/Programs		3		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	52,989,282	\$	5,566,249	\$	11,142,925	
Public safety		42,276,376		4,094,066		3,984,262	
Highways and streets		7,509,642		1,695,712		22,299	
Conservation		2,241,337		110,285		-	
Health and welfare		2,316,438		9,908		21,770,915	
Culture and recreation		3,544,872		33,873		119,370	
Interest on long-term debt		1,902,297					
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	112,780,244	<u>\$</u>	11,510,093	<u>\$</u>	37,039,771	
	Gener	al revenues:					

ieneral revenues:

Taxes: Property, levied for general purposes Property, levied for debt service Sales Other Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
\$ 1,188,416 - - - - - - - - - -	<pre>\$ (35,091,692) (34,198,048) (5,791,631) (2,131,052) 19,464,385 (3,391,629) (1,902,297)</pre>
\$1,188,416	<u>\$ (63,041,964</u>)

\$ 43,664,435 4,957,591 13,203,943
489,818
3,245,023
 548,746
 66,109,556
 3,067,592
 100,883,495
\$ 103,951,087

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	SEPTE	MDE	R 30, 2024					
	General		Grants	Pa	Local Provider articipation	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS		-						
Cash	\$ 5,111,020	\$	2,576,567	\$	107,712	\$ 7,494,888	\$	15,290,187
Investments	46,345,032		3,206,876		-	-		49,551,908
Receivables (net of allowances								
for uncollectibles):								
Accounts	594,228		377,783		495	54,391		1,026,897
Taxes:								
Property	1,456,895		-		-	170,413		1,627,308
Sales	2,159,376		-		-	-		2,159,376
Mixed beverage	71,245		-		-	-		71,245
Due from other funds	-		136,767		-	143,904		280,671
Due from other governments	1,269,247		2,550,837		2,194,093	42,541		6,056,718
Inventory	28,562	—	-		-	-		28,562
Total assets	57,035,605	_	8,848,830		2,302,300	7,906,137		76,092,872
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	4,541,714		1,764,855		-	1,063,462		7,370,031
Accrued liabilities	1,395,690		203,683		-	41,159		1,640,532
Due to other governments	97,636		660,173		-	873,935		1,631,744
Due to other funds	155,357		3		-	125,311		280,671
Unearned revenue		_	5,851,983		-			5,851,983
Total liabilities	6,190,397		8,480,697			2,103,867		16,774,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue -								
property taxes	1,456,895		-		-	170,413		1,627,308
Unavailable revenue -								
grants	-		368,133		-	-		368,133
Unavailable revenue -								
fines and fees	493,415		-		-	-		493,415
Total deferred inflows	<u>,</u>							
of resources	1,950,310		368,133		-	170,413		2,488,856
FUND BALANCES	<u>, </u>		· · · ·					
Nonspendable	28,562		_		_	-		28,562
Restricted	-		-		2,302,300	5,631,857		7,934,157
Assigned	12,890,431		-		-	-		12,890,431
Unassigned	35,975,905		-		-	-		35,975,905
Total fund balances	48,894,898		-		2,302,300	5,631,857		56,829,055
					2/002/000			00/020/000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources,								
and fund balances	<u>\$ 57,035,605</u>	<u>\$</u>	8,848,830	\$	2,302,300	<u>\$ 7,906,137</u>	\$	76,092,872
Amounts reported for governmental activitie	es in the stateme	nt of	f net position	are	different bec	ause:		
Capital assets used in governmental an in the funds.	ctivities are not fi	inano	cial resources	and	d, therefore,	are not reported	\$	107,506,827
Other long-term assets are not availa included in fund balance.	ble to pay for cu	irren	t-period expe	endit	tures and, th	erefore, are not		2,488,856
Long-term liabilities are not due and	navable in the	curro	ont period th	orof	foro aro not	reported in the		, -,

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (66,818,120)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not included in the fund financial statements. 3,944,469

Net position of governmental activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ 103,951,087

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	General	Grants	Local Provider Participation	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 57,065,668	\$-	\$21,687,474	\$ 4,929,427	\$83,682,569
Fees of office	2,937,306	-	-	5,478,054	8,415,360
Intergovernmental	3,067,542	12,227,382	-	543,379	15,838,303
Fines and forfeitures	1,071,356	-	-	37,098	1,108,454
Licenses and permits	14,220	-	-	-	14,220
Investment income	2,890,536	-	129,416	225,071	3,245,023
Miscellaneous	1,031,335	487,051	-	441,842	1,960,228
Total revenues	68,077,963	12,714,433	21,816,890	11,654,871	114,264,157
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	17,679,076	1,163,292	22,242,570	3,608,973	44,693,911
Public safety	32,104,462	6,379,543	-	566,680	39,050,685
Highways and streets	3,281,218	1,357,760	-	1,815,256	6,454,234
Culture and recreation	3,140,788	112,437	-	200	3,253,425
Health and welfare	2,076,857	194,972	-	30,321	2,302,150
Conservation	190,844	2,035,346	-	-	2,226,190
Debt service:					
Principal	622,921	83,760	-	2,794,741	3,501,422
Interest and other charges	19,236	1,250	-	2,115,792	2,136,278
Capital outlay	1,264,632	2,120,347		8,327	3,393,306
Total expenditures	60,380,034	13,448,707	22,242,570	10,940,290	<u>107,011,601</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,697,929	(734,274)	(425,680)	714,581	7,252,556
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of SBITAs	327,247	10,428	-	93,551	431,226
Insurance recoveries	1,188,416	-	-	-	1,188,416
Transfers in	35,000	723,843	-	-	758,843
Transfers out	(698,958)			(59,885)	(758,843)
Total other financing sources (uses)	851,705	734,271		33,666	1,619,642
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	8,549,634	(3)	(425,680)	748,247	8,872,198
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	40,345,264	3	2,727,980	4,883,610	47,956,857
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 48,894,898</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,302,300</u>	<u>\$ 5,631,857</u>	<u>\$56,829,055</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	8,872,198
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as		
depreciation expense for the period.		(5,479,166)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		395,263
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Issuance of leases and SBITAs Repayment of principal of long-term debt Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Amortization of:		(431,226) 3,501,422 (3,545,664) (5,107)
Premium		219,528
Governmental funds report repayment of long-term debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities.		
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(459,656)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,067,592
	<u> </u>	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Investment Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 2	2,595,704 - -	\$	9,208,147 31,808 97,602
Total assets	2	2,595,704	_	9,337,557
LIABILITIES Accounts payable			_	2,465
Total liabilities		-		2,465
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	2	2,595,704	_	9,335,092
Total net position	\$ <u>2</u>	2,595,704	\$	9,335,092

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Investment Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
INCREASES Contributions from judgements Interest Deposit held Bonds received	\$	2,775,740 21,792 - 130,075	\$ 1,477,036 194,009 103,331,031 -	
Donations Total increases	 \$	- 2,927,607	<u>7,348</u> \$ <u>105,009,424</u>	
DECREASES Cash bonds forfeitures Disbursements to beneficiaries Total decreases	\$ 	- 2,821,240 2,821,240	\$ 24,665,325 80,695,488 \$8_105,360,813	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	_	106,367	<u>(351,389</u>)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	2,489,337 2,595,704	<u>9,686,481</u> \$ <u>9,335,092</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The County of Tom Green is an independent governmental entity created under the laws of the State of Texas. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners' Court. The reporting entity is defined as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. To be financially accountable, a voting majority of the component unit's board must be appointed by the primary government, and either (a) the primary government must be able to impose its will, or (b) the primary government may potentially benefit financially or be financially responsible for the component unit. The County has no component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County has the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Grant Fund** is used to account for a variety of federal and state awards received by the County during the course of a given fiscal year. Revenues and expenditures of these awards are accounted for separately from other governmental funds to aid in reporting and record keeping requirements of the grants.

The **Local Provider Participation Fund** is the County's involvement in a county healthcare provider participation program that generates revenue from a mandatory payment that was required by the County from institutional health care providers to fund certain intergovernmental transfers and indigent care programs.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects or debt service) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for proceeds from the 2015 Certificates of Obligation, 2017 Certificates of Obligation and the 2018 Certificates of Obligations which are to be used for the construction and improvements of a variety of County facilities.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments between various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/ Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The County maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month's end.

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The County's investments in Pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

- Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instruments;
- Obligations of State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; and
- Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the full faith and credit of the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the time of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Taxes are due October 1 and become delinquent after January 31. No split payments or discounts are allowed. Penalties and Interest: (a) a delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. However, a tax on July 1 incurs a total penalty of 12 percent of the amount of the delinquent tax without regard to the number of months the tax has been delinquent; (b) a delinquent tax accrues interest at a rate of one percent for each month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid, and an additional penalty up to a maximum of 20% of taxes, penalty and interest may be imposed to defray costs of collection for taxes delinquent after July 1.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plants, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure (roads and bridges)	20
Buildings and improvements	20 - 30
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Right to use - infrastructure	20
Right to use - buildings	20 - 30
Right to use - equipment	5 - 15
Right to use - software	2 - 5

Leases

The County is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The County recognizes lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease assets in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

The County is a lessor for noncancellable leases and recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The County is a lessee for subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs). The County recognizes liability and an intangible right-to-use asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the County initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the agreement term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) agreement term, and (3) agreed upon payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The agreement term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA.
- The agreed upon payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liability. These right to use assets are reported with other capital assets and liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Difference in experience and actual OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions related to the pension and OPEB This difference is deferred and
 recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the
 measurement date.
- Pension contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources.
- Difference in experience and actual pension and OPEB experience This difference is deferred and
 recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the
 measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets The difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.

 Changes in actuarial assumptions related to OPEB – The difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes
 pursuant to constraints imposed by board resolution of the Commissioners' Court, the County's
 highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose
 unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type
 of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also
 includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically
 committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commissioners' Court or County Judge.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(66,818,120) difference are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Leases and SBITAs Bond premium	\$ (51,935,000) (336,964) (2,530,281) (915,073) (7,662,521) (346,420) (3,091,861)
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (66,818,120)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(5,479,166) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 4,159,113
Depreciation expense	(9,638,279)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (5,479,166</u>)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of this \$395,263 difference are as follows:

Property tax revenue Grants Fines and fees	\$ 320,692 134,059 (59,488)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 395,263

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(459,656) difference are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest	\$ (474,109) 14,453
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net changes in fund balances -</i> <i>total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>changes in net</i> <i>position of governmental activities</i>	\$ (459,656)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2024, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Texas CLASS TexPool Certificates of deposit	\$	22,809,162 4,225,624 22,517,122	101 26 152
Total fair value	\$	49,551,908	
Portfolio weighted average maturity (days)		118

Investments-Fair Value Hierarchy

The County categories its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs or quoted prices in markets that are not active; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under a written investment policy (the "Investment Policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal, availability of liquidity to meet the County's obligations and market rate of return. The Investment Policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain investment instruments allowed under Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the Investment Policy. The Investment Policy includes a list of authorized investment instruments and a maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment. In addition, it includes an "Investment Strategy" that specifically addresses limitations on instruments, diversification, and maturity scheduling.

The County is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments, provided that they meet the guidelines of the Investment Policy:

Obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities;

Certificates of deposit issued by a bank organized under Texas law, the laws of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas, or by a savings and loan association or a savings bank organized under Texas law, the law of another state, or federal law, that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and that is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor or secured by obligations in a manner and amount provided by law for deposits for the County.

Money market mutual funds that are 1) registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, 2) have a dollar weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, 3) rated AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service, and 4) seek to maintain a net position value of \$1 per share.

Local government investment pools, which 1) meet the requirements of Chapter 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, 2) are rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service, and 3) are authorized by resolution or ordinance by Commissioners' Court.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 90 days.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2024, the County's deposit balance was entirely collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or covered by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk

It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pools are rated as follows by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Texas CLASS	AAAm
TexPool	AAAm

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		Grants	P	Local Provider articipation	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Receivables:										
Taxes	\$	3,864,769	\$	-	\$	-	\$	197,115	\$	4,061,884
Accounts	_	4,462,534		377,783		495		54,391	_	4,895,203
Gross receivables Less: allowance for		8,327,303		377,783		495		251,506		8,957,087
uncollectibles	_	4,045,559						26,702	_	4,072,261
Net total receivables	\$	4,281,744	\$ <u></u>	377,783	\$	495	\$	224,804	\$_	4,884,826

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,801,442	\$ 1,339	\$-	\$ 3,802,781
Construction in progress	 1,540,586	1,549,627	(1,368,423)	 1,721,790
Total capital assets being depreciated	 5,342,028	1,550,966	(1,368,423)	 5,524,571
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	150,548,079	1,798,148	-	152,346,227
Improvements other than buildings	781,995	-	-	781,995
Infrastructure	26,083,549	94,897	-	26,178,446
Machinery and equipment	29,416,660	1,615,898	-	31,032,558
Right to use - equipment	273,582	10,428	(85,532)	198,478
Right to use - infrastructure	11,458	6,922	(11,458)	6,922
Right to use - building	33,023	35,035	(33,023)	35,035
Right to use - software	 1,435,305	415,242	(489,315)	 1,361,232
Total capital assets being depreciated	 208,583,651	3,976,570	(619,328)	 211,940,893
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(54,519,216)	(6,352,188)	-	(60,871,404)
Improvements other than buildings	(11,863)	(39,100)	-	(50,963)
Infrastructure	(22,558,249)	(306,735)	-	(22,864,984)
Machinery and equipment	(23,078,904)	(2,027,119)	-	(25,106,023)
Right to use - equipment	(109,009)	(54,438)	7,260	(156,187)
Right to use - infrastructure	(9,482)	(6,861)	11,458	(4,885)
Right to use - building	(44,205)	(97,120)	111,295	(30,030)
Right to use - software	 (608,758)	(754,718)	489,315	 (874,161)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (100,939,686)	(9,638,279)	619,328	 (109,958,637)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	 107,643,965	(5,661,709)		 101,982,256
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 112,985,993	<u>\$ (4,110,743</u>)	<u>\$ (1,368,423</u>)	\$ 107,506,827

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	7,658,168
Public safety		881,155
Highways and streets		909,602
Conservation		99
Culture and recreation	_	189,255
	\$_	9,638,279

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Due to/from other funds:

		Due from:										
		Nonmajor										
		Grants		Funds	Total							
Due to:												
General	\$	136,767	\$	18,590	\$	155,357						
Grants		-		3		3						
Nonmajor Funds		-		125,311		125,311						
Total	\$ <u></u>	136,767	\$	143,904	\$	280,671						

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures occur, and 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers:

		Transfe			
			Nonmajor		
		General	 Total		
Transfers in:					
General	\$	-	\$	35,000	\$ 35,000
Grants	<u> </u>	698,958		24,885	 723,843
Total transf	ers \$	698,958	\$	59,885	\$ 758,843

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund required by budget to expend them.

Fund Balance

		Local Provider	Other	
Fund Balance Classification	General	Participation	Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	\$ 28,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>28,562</u>
Total Nonspendable	28,562			28,562
Restricted:				
Retirement of long-term debt	-	-	420,510	420,510
Road and bridge	-	-	967,526	967,526
Health and welfare	-	2,302,300	-	2,302,300
Federal and state programs	-	-	316,376	316,376
Library services	-	-	801,427	801,427
Judicial services	-	-	319,034	319,034
County Clerk	-	-	949,957	949,957
District Clerk	-	-	78,885	78,885
Justice Court technology	-	-	66,237	66,237
Courthouse security	-	-	281,517	281,517
District Attorney	-	-	790,395	790,395
County Attorney	-	-	202,259	202,259
Election services	-	-	70,906	70,906
Tax Assessor			97,409	97,409
Waste Water Treatment	-	-	190	190
Child Safety Fees	-	-	39,860	39,860
Sheriff Forfeiture	-	-	192,391	192,391
Third Court of Appeals	-	-	1,009	1,009
Language Access			30,473	30,473
Unclaimed Property	-	-	5,496	5,496
Total Restricted		2,302,300	5,631,857	7,934,157
Assigned:				
Juvenile services	53,029	-	-	53,029
Judicial services	1,025,267	-	-	1,025,267
Subsequent year's budget	11,812,135			11,812,135
Total Assigned	12,890,431	-	-	12,890,431
Unassigned	35,975,905	_	_	35,975,905
Total governmental				
fund balance	\$ <u>48,894,898</u>	\$ <u>2,302,300</u>	\$ <u>5,631,857</u>	\$ <u>56,829,055</u>

Long-term Debt

The County had the following outstanding debt issues as of September 30, 2024:

\$ 50,000,000 Certificate of Obligation issued in 2015; interest at 3% - 5%	\$ 38,235,000
9,515,000 Certificate of Obligation issued in 2017; interest at 2% - 4%	7,285,000
7,960,000 Certificate of Obligation issued in 2018; interest at 3% - 5%	 6,415,000
Total	\$ 51,935,000

On April 26, 2018, the County issued \$7,960,000 of Combination Tax and Limited Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2018. The proceeds from the sale of the Certificates will be used together with the proceeds of the County's Combination Tax and Limited Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015 and Combination Tax and Limited Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017, for (i) completion of constructing and equipping a new County jail, including additional capacity and related parking, landscaping and infrastructure; (ii) completion of acquiring, constructing and equipping improvements and renovations to the County Courthouse; (iii) constructing and equipping improvements and renovations to the Michael D. Brown Justice Center; (iv) the acquisition of land and interests in land for such projects; and (v) legal, fiscal, architectural, engineering and other professional fees in connection with such projects. The Certificates have an interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and a maturity date of 2039.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the certificates are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
September 30,	Principal	Interest				
2025	\$ 2,735,000	\$ 2,000,313				
2026	2,880,000	1,863,988				
2027	3,020,000	1,720,713				
2028	3,145,000	1,597,551				
2029	3,310,000	1,474,388				
2030-2034	18,625,000	5,276,349				
2035-2039	18,220,000	1,390,082				
Total	\$ <u>51,935,000</u>	\$ <u>15,323,384</u>				

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Government activities									
Certificates of obligation	\$	54,560,000	\$	-	\$	2,625,000	\$	51,935,000	\$ 2,735,000
Compensated absences		2,056,172		3,111,285		2,637,176		2,530,281	506,056
Unamortized bond premium		3,311,389		-		219,528		3,091,861	-
Leases payable		154,672		52,385		158,791		48,266	28,616
SBITAs payable		636,944	_	378,841	_	717,631		298,154	261,912
Total long-term liabilities	\$	60,719,177	\$	3,542,511	\$	6,358,126	\$	57,903,562	\$ <u>3,531,584</u>

Conduit Debt Obligations

In 2013, the County created the Tom Green County Cultural Education Facilities Finance Corporation, which issued Education Revenue Bonds, the proceeds thereof were loaned to an open enrollment public charter school in San Angelo, Texas. The proceeds were used to finance the construction and repair of public-school facilities and the acquisition of land deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely by the public charter school. Tom Green County, the State, or any other political subdivision thereof is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2024, there are two series of Education Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of approximately \$13.9 million.

Defaults and Remedies

In the event of default, any registered owner of the certificates is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring specific performance from the County.

Leases Payable

As of September 30, 2024, the County is a lessee for 6 leases of infrastructure, equipment and buildings. Each of the leases requires payments at least annually and have interest rates of less than 1%. All of the County's current leases mature by fiscal year 2029.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the leases payable are as follows:

Year Ending		Leases payable					
September 30,	F	Principal	In	terest			
2025	\$	28,616	\$	144			
2026		13,089		56			
2027		3,945		16			
2028		2,439		5			
2029		177		-			
Total	\$	48,266	\$	221			

SBITAs Payable

As of September 30, 2024, the County is a participant in 15 subscription agreements for the use of software. Each of the subscriptions requires payments at least annually and have interest rates ranging from 2.4% to 3.3%. All of the County's current subscriptions mature by fiscal year 2027.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the subscriptions payable are as follows:

Year Ending	SBITAs pa		payable	ayable		
September 30,	Principal		Ir	nterest		
2025	\$	261,912	\$	8,466		
2026		29,471		686		
2027	_	6,771		185		
Total	\$	298,154	\$	9,337		

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at *www.tcdrs.org*.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in temporary positions are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided. TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	437
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,184
Active employees	731
	2,352

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participant over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 7.30% and 10.42% in calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$3,856,472 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability. The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.00% per year
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members	135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Disabled retirees	160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount- Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount- Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2020, except for mortality assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.60%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected longterm real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2024 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for the long-term expected return is reassessed in detail at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation(1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return(2)
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.75%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan TR USD Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index(3)	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index(4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index(5)	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U. S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%

(1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2024 TCDRS Board meeting.

(2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.2%,

(3) Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(4) Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(5) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Т	otal Pension Liability (a)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	 Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2022 Changes for the year:	\$	144,093,717	\$	140,065,697	\$ 4,028,020
Service cost		3,726,732		-	3,726,732
Interest on total pension liability $^{(1)}$		10,952,016		-	10,952,016
Effect of plan changes ⁽²⁾		7,977,134		-	7,977,134
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		1,439,756		-	1,439,756
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-	-
Refund of contributions		(531,570)		(531,570)	-
Benefit payments		(7,036,961)		(7,036,961)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(79,869)	79,869
Member contributions		-		2,563,762	(2,563,762)
Net investment income		-		15,370,244	(15,370,244)
Employer contributions		-		2,673,639	(2,673,639)
Other ⁽³⁾		-		(66,639)	 66,639
Balance at 12/31/2023	<u>\$</u>	160,620,824	\$	152,958,303	\$ 7,662,521

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Reflects plan changes adopted effectice 2024

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.6%) or 1-percentage-higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.6%	Current Discount Rate 7.6%	1% Increase 8.6%	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 182,432,907 <u>152,958,303</u>	\$ 160,620,824 	\$ 142,514,161 <u>152,958,303</u>	
Net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ 29,474,604</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (10,444,142</u>)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,402,407.

At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	959,837	\$	15,866
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		498,534		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,086,259		
Total	\$	4,544,630	\$	15,866

\$3,086,259 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30,	
2025	\$ (592,882)
2026	(51,578)
2027	3,050,501
2028	(963,536)

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

Plan Participants

Eligible plan participants are retirees who are eligible and elect to receive a monthly annuity from the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS retirement forms must be completed prior to resignation and must take effect immediately upon terminating employment with the County. Retirees who subscribe to the County's health insurance may stay on the plan until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility (currently age 65). Dependents of retirees may be eligible only if the dependent has been on the County's insurance plan for a minimum of one year prior to the employee's retirement date.

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms at October 1, 2024:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Active employees	552
	554

Medical Benefits

The Plan is a fully insured plan. Current medical retiree premium rates (2024) (include 2% Admin) provided by the County include:

a) Pre-age 65 Individual MED:	Generally \$853 per month.
b) Pre-age 65 Spouse MED:	Generally \$717 per month.
c) Pre-age 65 Family MED:	Generally \$1,195 per month.
d) Post-age 65 MED	None, is a pre-Medicare plan only.

Adjustments to these premium rates to reflect the difference between the active/retiree group (for which the current premium rates were based) and the retiree-only group, were required, in accordance with ASOP 6. The retiree and the spouse are covered under the program. For Tom Green County, these adjustments were required for the Pre-Medicare medical liabilities.

Medicare Part B Premiums - None

Dental – Premium (\$29 per month for individual, etc.), is 100% paid by the retiree.

Eligibility

Generally, an employee may retire after the earlier of (i) age 60 with at least 8 years of service (i.e., "vested"), (ii) 30 years of service, and (iii) attainment of 75 points (age plus service)

County Subsidy

The County does not contribute toward retiree or dental medical coverage. The County allows the retirees to pay based on the "blended" premium rate (instead of a higher "retiree only" rate).

Actuarial Funding Method Actuarial Assumptions

- 1. Valuation Date:
- 2. Discount Rate:
- 3. Salary Scale:
- 4. Mortality:

5. Withdrawal:

6. Disability:

7. Retirement:

10/1/2023

4.87% per annum

3% per annum (for EAN) "PUB2010" mortality table with MP-2021 projection Select rates include:

Entry Age Normal, level% pay

1yr, 16%; 5yr, 7%; 10yr 4%; 15yr, 2%

N/A

The following table illustrates the retirement rates:

Retirement Age	Retirement Rates
50-51	12%
52-54	13%
55-59	14%
60	15%
61	13%
62	28%
63	17%
64	17%
65	100%

8. Health Care Cost Trend Rate

9. Marital - Actives:

Asset Valuation Method

Amortization Basis

The following table illustrates the assumed health care trend rate for each future year:

(Medical)
Assumed Increase
7.50%
7.25%
7.00%
6.75%
6.50%
6.00%
5.50%
5.00%
4.50%

Wife is assumed to be same age as the husband. 10% of those who retire and take coverage are assumed elect coverage for the spouse.

10. Participation Rate: 15% of retirees are expected to take coverage and pay 100% of the blended premium. 11. Inflation Rate:

3.0% per annum

Market value.

Experience gains/losses: Over the average expected future working lifetime of the whole group.

Assumption changes: Over the average expected future working lifetime of the whole group.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate (Proj.) Investment Return Rate (Proj.)	4.87% FYE 9/30/2024 N/A Index will apply
	Total OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net OPEB Liability Net Position Liability
Balances at 10/1/2023 Change	\$ 858,905 \$ - \$ 858,905 56,16856,168
Balances at 9/30/2024	<u>\$ 915,073</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 915,073</u>
Regular Expense: Service Cost Interest Cost Experience (Gain)/Loss Amort	80,643 41,426 (100,435)
Total GASB 75 Expense for FYE23	<u>\$ 21,634</u>

Sensitivity – Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.06%, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1-percentage-higher (5.06%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 3.06%		Di	Current scount Rate 4.06%	1% Increase 5.06%	
Net OPEB Liability 9/30/2024	\$	1,016,619	\$	915,073	\$	824,025
Total GASB 75 Expense for FYE24	\$	40,000	\$	21,634	\$	10,000

Sensitivity – Health Care Trend Rate

	Healthcare						
	1% Decrease		Trend Rates	1%	o Increase		
	6.5% decreasing to	3.5% 7.5%	decreasing to 4.5%	8.5% dec	reasing to 5.5%		
Net OPEB Liability 9/30/2024	\$78	9,305 \$	915,073	\$	1,068,443		
Total GASB 75 Expense for FYE2	24 \$	- \$	21,634	\$	50,000		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$21,634. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	_	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	47,366	\$	627,528
Changes in actuarial assumptions		162,202		166,335
Total	\$	209,568	\$	793,863

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	\$ (100,435) (100,435) (100,435) (100,435) (100,434) (71,969) (4,666) (5,486)

<u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchases workers' compensation insurance coverage from the Texas Political Subdivision Joint Self-Insured Fund, a public entity risk pool, which is self-sustaining through member premiums.

The County maintains commercial insurance coverage covering other risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The County is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of management, these legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the County. No accrual has been made for any contingency in these financial statements.

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the County receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

Tax Abatement

The County can enter into agreements with new, developing, and expanding businesses to promote local economic development. The County has entered into an agreement with a business to rebate 50% of all County property tax paid. The County entered into this agreement in November 2018 and may extend this agreement for an additional period of five years. Commitments by the developers include establishing a facility, and housing commercial vehicles and equipment. As of year-end, \$2,387,439 had been rebated over the life of these types of agreements, including \$235,619 in the current fiscal year. The County has also entered into agreements with several solar companies. The owners of these solar companies will make an annual payment in lieu of taxes when the project commences commercial operations. The County had three companies make an annual payment in lieu of taxes in the amount of \$480,643.

New Accounting Standards

Significant new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the County include the following:

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* – The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required for capital assets held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budaete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 55,256,900	\$ 55,256,900	\$ 57,065,668	\$ 1,808,768
Fees of office	2,215,200	2,222,296	2,937,306	715,010
Intergovernmental	2,542,912	2,542,912	3,067,542	524,630
Fines and forfeitures	956,975	956,975	1,071,356	114,381
Licenses and permits	52,000	52,000	14,220	(37,780)
Investment income	1,475,145	1,475,145	2,890,536	1,415,391
Miscellaneous	872,211	876,771	1,031,335	154,564
Total revenues	63,371,343	63,382,999	68,077,963	4,694,964
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Salaries and wages	7,146,014	7,146,085	6,907,661	238,424
Benefits	2,939,351	2,939,351	2,693,949	245,402
Operations	10,907,827	10,704,978	8,077,466	2,627,512
Capital outlay	3,312,599	3,655,723	846,018	2,809,705
Total general government	24,305,791	24,446,137	18,525,094	5,921,043
Public safety:				
Salaries and wages	20,230,610	20,250,492	18,966,811	1,283,681
Benefits	6,903,200	6,906,179	6,080,494	825,685
Operations	9,287,851	9,379,089	7,057,157	2,321,932
Capital outlay	693,886	693,886	304,176	389,710
Total public safety	37,115,547	37,229,646	32,408,638	4,821,008
Highways and streets:				
Salaries and wages	766,154	766,154	721,446	44,708
Benefits	286,894	286,894	259,749	27,145
Operations	2,690,290	2,750,299	2,300,023	450,276
Capital outlay	332,000	296,815	86,638	210,177
Total highways and streets	4,075,338	4,100,162	3,367,856	732,306
Conservation:				
Salaries and wages	121,368	121,368	122,002	(634)
Benefits	41,282	41,282	40,211	1,071
Operations	31,750	31,750	28,631	3,119
Total conservation	194,400	194,400	190,844	3,556

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

							Variance		
		Budgeted Original	Amo	Final		Actual Amounts	4	Favorable Jnfavorable)	
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		Original		FIIIdI		Amounts	(
Health and welfare:									
Salaries and wages	\$	115,089	\$	115,089	\$	114,976	\$	113	
Benefits	т	48,588	т	48,588	т	47,568	т	1,020	
Operations		2,008,268		2,008,268		1,914,313		93,955	
Total health and welfare		2,171,945		2,171,945	_	2,076,857		95,088	
Culture and recreation:									
Salaries and wages		1,822,056		1,822,056		1,768,709		53,347	
Benefits		580,682		580,682		542,757		37,925	
Operations		895,952		894,722		829,322		65,400	
Capital outlay		28,000		27,800		27,800			
Total culture and recreation		3,326,690		3,325,260		3,168,588		156,672	
Debt service:									
Principal		_		_		622,921		(622,921)	
Interest and other charges		-		-		19,236		(19,236)	
Total debt service		-		-		642,157		(642,157)	
Total expenditures		71,189,711		71,467,550		60,380,034		11,087,516	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(7,818,368)		(8,084,551)		7,697,929		15,782,480	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of SBITAs		-		-		327,247		327,247	
Insurance recoveries		-		-		1,188,416		1,188,416	
Transfers in		35,000		35,000		35,000		-	
Transfers out		(1,074,703)		(1,272,972)		(698,958)		574,014	
Total other									
financing sources (uses)		(1,039,703)	. <u> </u>	(1,237,972)		851,705	<u> </u>	2,089,677	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(8,858,071)	\$	(9,322,523)	\$	8,549,634	\$	17,872,157	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						40,345,264			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING					<u>\$</u>	48,894,898			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GRANTS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounto	Astual	Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 32,194,684	\$ 34,414,579	\$ 12,227,382	\$ (22,187,197)
Miscellaneous	1,354,583	1,367,586	487,051	(880,535)
Total revenues	33,549,267	35,782,165	12,714,433	(23,067,732)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:	2,807,880	2,839,220	1,163,292	1,675,928
Public safety:	10,513,826	11,952,020	6,379,543	5,572,477
Highways and streets:	6,347,647	6,347,647	1,357,760	4,989,887
Culture and recreation:	-	306,284	112,437	193,847
Health and welfare:	807,369	807,369	194,972	612,397
Conservation	5,475,000	6,075,000	2,035,346	4,039,654
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	83,760	(83,760)
Interest and other charges	-	-	1,250	(1,250)
Capital outlay	8,732,030	8,426,433	2,120,347	6,306,086
Total expenditures	34,683,752	36,753,973	13,448,707	23,305,266
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	ES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,134,485)	(971,808)	(734,274)	237,534
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Issuance of SBITAs	-	-	10,428	10,428
Transfers in	1,134,485	971,808	723,843	(247,965)
Total other financing sources	1,134,485	971,808	734,271	(237,537)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			(3)	(3)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING			3	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			<u>\$ -</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LOCAL PROVIDER PARTICIPATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES Taxes Investment income Total revenues	\$ 25,000,000 	\$ 25,000,000 50,000 25,050,000	\$21,687,474 	\$ (3,312,526)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government: Total expenditures	25,050,000 25,050,000	25,050,000 25,050,000	22,242,570 22,242,570	2,807,430 2,807,430
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (425,680</u>)	<u>\$ (425,680</u>)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING			2,727,980	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			<u>\$ 2,302,300</u>	

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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- 1. The County Judge and Commissioners' Court have departmental meetings with management to determine the departmental budget requests.
- 2. The County Judge and Commissioners must meet in several workshops to establish a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The proposed budget is filed with the County Clerk and made available for public inspection at least 7 days prior to public budget hearing.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. After the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court reviews the budget and makes any adjustments they feel necessary.
- 5. The budget is then legally enacted by the Commissioners' Court on or before September 9th, the timeframe required by statute, to be effective on October 1st.

Only the governing body, composed of the Commissioners' Court, may amend the budget after its adoption so long as the amendment continues to meet the requirements of Section 111 of the Local Government Code. During the year, several supplementary amendments to the original budget were required. All amendments were legally made. The final budget amounts shown in the financial statements represent the budget as amended at September 30, 2024. Under state statute, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgetary appropriations at any level for which the budget is formally approved. The County's legally adopted budget is at the department level in those funds with multiple departments and at the fund level in single department funds. Management can, with the exception of personnel items, make adjustments to their budget within the departmental level with Commissioners' Court approval. All budgets are fixed in nature. All governmental funds have legally adopted budgets. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures to budget are made on an ongoing basis. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. All encumbrances lapse at year-end.

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY / (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Plan Year Ended December 31		2014	2015	 2016
Total Pension Liability / (asset):				
Service cost Interest total pension liability	\$	2,813,846 6,716,896	\$ 2,962,064 7,162,281	\$ 3,133,160 7,540,376
Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic		-	(499,200) 1,039,287	-
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds		(120,929)	(1,247,664)	(391,629)
of contributions		(4,131,317)	(4,370,720)	(4,773,184)
Net change in total pension liability		5,278,496	5,046,048	5,508,723
Total pension liability - beginning		83,570,558	 88,849,053	 93,895,101
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	88,849,054	\$ 93,895,101	\$ 99,403,824
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:				
Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	2,067,828 1,706,935	\$ 2,111,233 1,786,305	\$ 2,117,315 1,824,236
Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of		5,555,011	5,530	6,377,104
contributions Administrative expenses		(4,131,317) (64,944)	(4,370,720) (62,319)	(4,773,184) (69,358)
Other		224,601	 (215,393)	 472,551
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,358,114	(745,364)	5,948,664
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		81,630,977	 86,989,091	 86,243,727
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		86,989,091	 86,243,727	 92,192,391
Net pension liability / (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,859,963	\$ 7,651,374	\$ 7,211,433
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		97.91%	91.85%	92.75%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	24,384,792	\$ 25,133,798	\$ 26,043,329
Net pension liability / (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		7.63%	30.44%	27.69%

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2021 2022	
\$ 3,062,113 8,087,264	\$ 2,971,765 8,544,960	\$ 2,950,828 8,970,790	\$ 3,055,140 9,462,363	\$ 3,687,437 9,980,140	\$ 3,398,346 10,431,282	\$ 3,726,732 10,952,016
- 542,682	-	-	- 7,415,154	- (212,537)	-	7,977,134 -
(571,543)	(635,533)	(58,153)	274,847	(406,900)	(47,598)	1,439,756
(5,350,488)	(5,409,889)	(5,803,973)	(5,997,759)	(6,690,921)	(6,959,924)	(7,568,530)
5,770,028	5,471,303	6,059,492	14,209,745	6,357,219	6,822,106	16,527,108
 99,403,824	105,173,852	110,645,155	116,704,647	130,914,392	137,271,611	144,093,717
\$ 105,173,852	<u>\$ 110,645,155</u>	<u>\$ 116,704,647</u>	<u>\$ 130,914,392</u>	<u>\$ 137,271,611</u>	<u>\$ 144,093,717</u>	<u>\$ 160,620,825</u>
\$ 2,025,266 1,872,784	\$ 2,118,026 1,948,580	\$ 2,083,608 1,993,017	\$ 2,459,745 2,230,287	\$ 2,328,511 2,158,879	\$ 2,721,216 2,300,545	\$ 2,673,639 2,563,762
13,433,519	(1,954,081)	16,534,910	11,914,127	27,387,518	(8,681,539)	15,370,244
 (5,350,488) (69,220) (19,547)	(5,409,889) (80,864) <u>(29,564</u>)	(5,803,973) (87,904) (42,968)	(5,997,759) (92,079) <u>(28,253</u>)	(6,690,921) (81,646) <u>(27,772</u>)	(6,959,924) (82,082) <u>(146,759</u>)	(7,568,530) (79,869) (66,639)
11,892,314	(3,407,792)	14,676,690	10,486,068	25,074,569	(10,848,543)	12,892,607
 92,192,391	104,084,705	100,676,913	115,353,603	125,839,671	150,914,240	140,065,697
 104,084,705	100,676,913	115,353,603	125,839,671	150,914,240	140,065,697	152,958,304
\$ 1,089,147	<u>\$ 9,968,242</u>	<u>\$ 1,351,044</u>	<u>\$ 5,074,721</u>	<u>\$ (13,642,629</u>)	<u>\$ 4,028,020</u>	<u>\$ 7,662,521</u>
\$ 98.96% 26,754,053	90.99% \$ 27,435,617	98.84% \$28,471,675	96.12% \$ 31,861,242	109.94% \$ 30,841,127	97.20% \$ 32,864,935	95.23% \$ 36,625,164
4.07%	36.33%	4.75%	15.93%	-44.24%	12.26%	20.92%

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 2,100,968	\$ 2,100,968	\$ -	\$ 24,947,079	8.4%
2016	2,200,830	2,200,830	-	26,839,540	8.2%
2017	2,040,402	2,040,402	-	26,498,261	7.7%
2018	2,093,002	2,093,002	-	27,236,046	7.7%
2019	2,101,235	2,101,235	-	28,344,000	7.4%
2020	2,317,949	2,317,949	-	30,383,088	7.6%
2021	2,323,527	2,323,527	-	30,586,404	7.6%
2022	2,576,778	2,576,778	-	31,882,101	8.1%
2023	2,699,789	2,699,789	-	35,691,805	7.6%
2024	3,856,742	3,856,742	-	40,173,166	9.6%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.										
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:											
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age (level precentage of pay)										
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed										
Remaining Amortization Period	15.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2023 valuation)										
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed fair value										
Inflation	2.50%										
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.										
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of administrative investment expenses, including inflation										
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.										
Mortality	135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Tables for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.										
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected. 2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.										
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule	2015-2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018-2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.										

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Plan Year Ended September 30		2018	2019			2020		
Total OPEB Liability:								
Service cost	\$	93,748	\$	93,520	\$	89,566		
Interest		36,880		40,948		41,322		
Difference between expected								
and actual experience		(15,494)		(107,405)		(393,009)		
Changes in assumptions		-		9,781		183,004		
Benefit payments		(3,367)		(3,400)		(11,666)		
Net change in total pension liability / (asset)		111,767		33,444		(90,783)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,014,878		1,126,645		1,160,089		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	1,126,645	\$	1,160,089	\$	1,069,306		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:								
Employer contributions	\$	3,367	\$	3,400	\$	11,666		
Benefit payments		(3,367)		(3,400)		(11,666)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		-		-		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-		-		-		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		-		-		-		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	1,126,645	\$	1,160,089	\$	1,069,306		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	20,993,709	\$	22,024,874	\$	24,762,322		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		5.37%		5.27%		4.32%		

Note: This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

2021		2022		2023		2024
\$ 123,217	\$	126,196	\$	76,789	\$	80,643
22,755		29,230		35,432		41,426
46,703		(408,096)		15,819		(123,906)
(43,602)		(200,405)		(8,447)		74,532
(12,000)		(6,996)		(6,996)		(16,527)
137,073		(460,071)		112,597		56,168
 1,069,306		1,206,379		746,308		858,905
\$ 1,206,379	<u>\$</u>	746,308	<u>\$</u>	858,905	\$	915,073
\$ 12,000	\$	6,996	\$	6,996	\$	16,527
 (12,000)		(6,996)		(6,996)		(16,527)
-		-		-		-
 -		-		-		-
 -		-		-		-
\$ 1,206,379	<u>\$</u>	746,308	<u>\$</u>	858,905	<u>\$</u>	915,073
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
\$ 25,827,421	\$	26,937,632	\$	30,306,447	\$	33,757,383
4.67%		2.77%		2.83%		2.71%

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution		d Employer		D	ontribution Oeficiency (Excess)	P	ensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll		
2018	\$	129,219	\$	3,367	\$	(125,852)	\$	20,993,709	0.02%		
2019		173,799		3,400		(170,399)		22,024,874	0.02%		
2020		171,873		11,666		(160,117)		24,762,322	0.05%		
2021		189,499		12,000		(177,499)		25,827,421	0.05%		
2022		203,071		6,996		(196,075)		26,937,632	0.03%		
2023		135,512		6,996		(128,516)		30,306,447	0.02%		
2024		148,806		16,527		(132,279)		33,757,383	0.05%		

Note: This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation date	10/01/2023 (disclosures 9/30/2024)									
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:										
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal									
Amortization Method	N/A									
Amortization Period	N/A									
Asset Valuation Method	Market									
Inflation	3.00%									
Participation Rate	15%									
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% decreasing to 4.5% ultimate									
Salary increases	3.00%									
Retirement age	All: Rates from age 50									
Mortality	"PUB 2010" w/ MP2021 projection									
Investment rate of return	4.87%									

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COMBINING STATEMENTS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue										
		Road and Bridge Precincts 1 and 3		Road and Bridge Precincts 2 and 4		County Law Library		Library			
ASSETS Cash	\$	618,263	\$	778,351	\$	142,370	\$	653,204			
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts Property taxes Due from other funds Due from other governments	_	16,398 - 16,302		15,087 - 16,302	_	332 - 7,209 -	_	4,389 - - -			
Total assets	\$_	650,963	\$_	809,740	\$	149,911	\$	657,593			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$ _ _	286,675 12,232 - - 298,907	\$	244,598 9,948 - - 254,546	\$	4,283 593 147 - 5,023	\$	1,054 - - - 1,054			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		-	_	-	_	-	_	-			
FUND BALANCES Restricted Total fund balances	_	352,056 352,056		<u>555,194</u> 555,194	_	<u> 144,888</u> 144,888	_	<u>656,539</u> 656,539			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	: \$_	650,963	\$_	809,740	\$	149,911	\$	657,593			

	Special Revenue											
	County Clerk Preservation and Archive		Justice Court Technology	urt District			Courthouse and Justice Security		County Attorney Fee Account	District Attorney Fee Accounts		
\$	920,790	\$	36,890	\$	10,063	\$	274,873	\$	2,864	\$	5,628	
	2,289		83		_ 24		633		237		13	
_	75,729 20	_	2,618		-		7,897 -		-		-	
\$_	998,828	\$	39,591	\$	10,087	\$	283,403	\$	3,101	\$	5,641	
\$ _	145,109 3,482 75,149 - 223,740	\$ 		\$ 	- - - -	\$	1,534 221 131 - 1,886	\$	- - - -	\$ 	- - - - -	
-	<u> </u>	_								_	<u> </u>	
-	775,088 775,088	_	<u>39,591</u> 39,591		10,087 10,087		281,517 281,517		<u>3,101</u> 3,101	_	<u>5,641</u> 5,641	
\$_	998,828	\$	39,591	\$	10,087	\$	283,403	\$	3,101	\$_	5,641	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
		Records anagement County Courts		Judicial Efficiency		LEOSE Training		Judicial Education County Judge		
ASSETS Cash	\$	116,755	\$	48,255	\$	55,163	\$	22,450		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts		268		110		132		52		
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		
Due from other funds		7,553		58		-		-		
Due from other governments	_		_				_			
Total assets	\$	124,576	\$	48,423	\$	55,295	\$	22,502		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	668	\$	774	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		2,313 244		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		_		
Total liabilities	_	2,557	_	668		774		-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	-	_	-		_		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		122,019		47,755		54,521		22,502		
Total fund balances	_	122,019	. <u> </u>	47,755		54,521	_	22,502		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$_	124,576	\$	48,423	\$	55,295	\$	22,502		

	Special Revenue												
	Lateral Graffiti Road Eradicatio		Graffiti radication		Election Contract Service	Child Abuse Guardianship Prevention					County Attorney Pretrial Diversion Program		
\$	60,135	\$	670	\$	79,562	\$	14,856	\$	1,086	\$	179,002		
	141 - - -		2 - -		186 - - -		33 - 1,230		2 - -		418 - -		
\$_	60,276	\$	672	\$	79,748	\$	16,119	\$	1,088		179,420		
\$ 		\$ 	- - - -	\$	8,842 - - - - 8,842	\$	- - - -	\$ 	- - - -	\$ 	111 891 - - 1,002		
_	-		-		-		-		-	_	-		
_	<u>60,276</u> 60,276		<u>672</u> 672	_	70,906 70,906		<u>16,119</u> 16,119		<u>1,088</u> 1,088	_	<u>178,418</u> 178,418		
\$_	60,276	\$	672	\$	79,748	\$	16,119	\$	1,088	\$	179,420		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue								
	District Attorney Pretrial Diversion Program		District Clerk Technology		District/ County Court Technology		0	County Speciality Court	
ASSETS Cash	\$	122,678	\$	68,638	\$	26,828	\$	51,754	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	Ψ	122,070	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	20,020	Ψ	51,751	
Accounts		279		160		62		-	
Property taxes Due from other funds		-		-		- 238		- 1,190	
Due from other governments	_	-		-			_		
Total assets	\$_	122,957	\$	68,798	\$_	27,128	\$	52,944	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	- 1,398	\$	-	\$	463	\$	-	
Due to other funds		1,390		-		- 19		- 94	
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities	_	1,398		-	_	482	_	94	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	-		-	_	-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_				_				
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		121,559		68,798		26,646	_	52,850	
Total fund balances	_	121,559		68,798		26,646		52,850	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$_	122,957	\$	68,798	\$_	27,128	\$	52,944	

 Special Revenue										
 Waste Water Treatment	51st D.A. Special Forfeiture		119th D.A. Special Forfeiture			State Municipal Fees		State Fees - Criminal		State Fees - Civil
\$ 960	\$	605,721	\$	17,411	\$	21,608	\$	250,952	\$	94,610
 - - -		2,339 - - -		44 - - -	_	15 - - -		- - -		3,154 - 4,316 -
\$ 960	\$	608,060	\$	17,455	\$_	21,623	\$	250,952	\$	102,080
\$ 770 - - - - 770	\$ 	2,322 329 12,452 - 15,103	\$	- 209 - - 209	\$	21,417 - - - 21,417	\$	224,609 - 26,343 - 250,952	\$	94,607 - 69 - 94,676
 	_				_		_			
 <u>190</u> 190	_	592,957 592,957		17,246 17,246	_	206 206	_	-	_	7,404 7,404
\$ 960	\$	608,060	\$	17,455	\$	21,623	\$	250,952	\$	102,080

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue								
	Ch	ild Safety Fee		Child estraint tate Fee		Sheriff Forfeiture		ird Court Appeals	
ASSETS Cash	\$	39,199	\$	7,829	\$	192,068	\$	1,539	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts		661		-		469		-	
Property taxes		-		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		1,030	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	39,860	\$	7,829	\$	192,537	\$	2,569	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	7,829	\$	146	\$	1,539	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		21	
Due to other governments				-	_	-		-	
Total liabilities		-		7,829	_	146		1,560	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		39,860		-		192,391		1,009	
Total fund balances		39,860		-	_	192,391		1,009	
Total liphilition deferred inflows of									
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	39,860	\$	7,829	\$	192,537	\$	2,569	

	Special Revenue											
	Truancy Unclaimed Prevention and Property Diversion		vention and	County Attorney <u>Merchant Account</u>		Tax Assessor - Collector VIT		Court Reporter Service		Judicial Education & Support		
\$	31,544	\$	162,812	\$	20,740	\$	969,086	\$	77,263	\$	6,472	
_	64 - - -		- 3,297 -		- - -	_	2,258 - - -		- 5,149 -		- - 205 -	
\$_	31,608	\$	166,109	\$	20,740	\$	971,344	\$	82,412	\$	6,677	
\$	16,112 - 10,000 - 26,112	\$ 	- - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 873,935 873,935	\$	- 484 105 - 589	\$ 	- - - - -	
-	- - 5,496		166,109						81,823		- - 6,677	
_	5,496		166,109		20,740	_	97,409		81,823		6,677	
\$_	31,608	\$	166,109	\$	20,740	\$	971,344	\$	82,412	\$	6,677	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Special Revenue

			J	lustice Court		Court		
	_Co	ounty Jury		Support	F	acility Fee	Li	ang Access
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	24,260	\$	27,873	\$	102,951	\$	29,134
Receivables								
(net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		2,060		6,114		4,119		1,352
Due from other governments		-	_		-	-		-
Total assets	\$	26,320	\$	33,987	\$ <u>_</u>	107,070	\$ <u> </u>	30,486
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		42		-		84		13
Due to other governments		-		-	_	-		-
Total liabilities		42			-	84		13
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources					-			
Total deferred inflows of resources					-			
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		26,278		33,987	_	106,986		30,473
Total fund balances		26,278	_	33,987	-	106,986	_	30,473
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	26,320	\$	33,987	\$_	107,070	\$	30,486

			Special Re		D	ebt Service				
	51st D.A. 119th D.A. Outer Outer County County			Clerk of the Court		7th AJR		Debt Service	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	10,780	\$	45,498	\$ 53,837	\$	-	\$	409,613	\$	7,494,888
_	28 - - -	_	111 - - -	 - - 12,540 -	_	2,938 - - -		980 170,413 - 9,917		54,391 170,413 143,904 42,541
\$	10,808	\$	45,609	\$ 66,377	\$	2,938	\$	590,923	\$	7,906,137
\$ 	- 851 - - 851	\$	2,574 - 2,574 - 2,574	\$ - 2,696 398 - 3,094	\$	- 2,938 - - 2,938	\$	- - - - -	\$ 	1,063,462 41,159 125,311 873,935 2,103,867
<u> </u>		_		 	. <u></u>	-		170,413 170,413		170,413 170,413
_	<u>9,957</u> 9,957	_	<u>43,035</u> 43,035	 <u>63,283</u> 63,283	_	-		420,510 420,510		5,631,857 5,631,857
\$	10,808	\$	45,609	\$ 66,377	\$	2,938	\$	590,923	\$	7,906,137

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Special Revenue								
	Road and Bridge Precincts 1 and 3	Road and Bridge Precincts 2 and 4	County Law Library	Library					
REVENUES									
Taxes Fees of office	\$- 696,742	\$- 605,832	\$- 67,243	\$ - -					
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-					
Intergovernmental	194,459	165,651	-	-					
Investment income	22,094	24,516	4,679	20,055					
Miscellaneous	1,017	-	-	282,790					
Total revenues	914,312	795,999	71,922	302,845					
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government	-	-	1,194	-					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Highways and streets	1,064,929	733,533	-	-					
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-					
Health and welfare Debt service:	-	-	-	30,321					
Principal	_	-	60,971	-					
Interest and other charges	-	-	2,144	-					
Capital outlay	-	3,000	, - -	5,327					
Total expenditures	1,064,929	736,533	64,309	35,648					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(150,617)	59,466	7,613	267,197					
·····									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of SBITAs	-	-	-	-					
Transfers out									
Total other financing sources (uses)									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(150,617)	59,466	7,613	267,197					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	502,673	495,728	137,275	389,342					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 352,056</u>	<u>\$ 555,194</u>	<u>\$ 144,888</u>	<u>\$ 656,539</u>					

				Special	Reve	nue				
County Clerk Preservation and Archive		Justice Court Technology	Mana D	Records Management District Clerk		Courthouse and Justice Security		County ttorney Fee Account	District Attorney Fee Accounts	
\$	- 352,814	\$- 31,573	\$ 3	- 229	\$	- 88,340	\$	- 2,424	\$	-
	- - 29,495	- - 680)	- - 330		- - 8,503		- - 64		- - 196
	- 382,309	- 32,253	3	- 559		- 96,843		6 2,494		2,033 2,229
	403,970	-		-		_		-		-
	-	13	5	-		19,423		-		1,165
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	2,499	-		-		5,435		-		-
	253 -	-		-		65		-		-
	406,722	13	5	-		24,923		-		1,165
	(24,413)	32,118	<u> </u>	559		71,920		2,494		1,064
	-	-		-		5,435 (25,000)		-		-
	-			-		(19,565)				
	(24,413)	32,118	3	559		52,355		2,494		1,064
	799,501	7,473	3	9,528		229,162	<u>.</u>	607	<u>.</u>	4,577
<u>\$</u>	775,088	<u>\$ 39,59</u> 2	L <u>\$</u>	10,087	<u>\$</u>	281,517	<u>\$</u>	3,101	<u>\$</u>	5,641

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special Revenue									
	Records Management County Courts	Judicial Efficiency	LEOSE Training	Judicial Education County Judge						
REVENUES Taxes Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 75,554 - - 3,542 - 79,096	\$ - - - 30,564 1,623 - - 32,187	\$ - - - 31,765 1,600 - - 33,365	\$ - - - - 743 - 743						
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Health and welfare Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	55,305 - - - - - - - 55,305	24,889 - - - 17,624 376 - 42,889	10,180 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - -						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	23,791	(10,702)	23,185	743						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of SBITAs Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		17,624 17,624								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	23,791	6,922	23,185	743						
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	98,228	40,833	31,336	21,759						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 122,019</u>	<u>\$ 47,755</u>	<u>\$ 54,521</u>	<u>\$ 22,502</u>						

			Special	Revenue		
	Lateral Road	Graffiti Eradication	Election Contract Service	Guardianship	Child Abuse Prevention	County Attorney Pretrial Diversion Program
\$	- - 33,028 2,413 -	\$ - - - - 22	\$- - - 18,922 4,467 28,062	\$ - 14,012 - - 700 -	\$- 552 - - 28	\$- 65,750 - - 5,161
	35,441	22	51,451	14,712	580	70,911
	- -	-	131,066	- 15,495	-	- 24,317
	16,794 - -	- -		-	- 200 -	
	-	- -	-	-	- -	
	16,794		131,066	15,495	200	24,317
	18,647	22	(79,615)	(783)	380	46,594
	-	-	-		-	-
	- 18,647		(79,615)			- 46,594
	41,629	650	150,521	16,902	708	131,824
<u>\$</u>	60,276	<u>\$ 672</u>	<u>\$ 70,906</u>	<u>\$ 16,119</u>	<u>\$ 1,088</u>	<u>\$ 178,418</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special Revenue								
	District Attorney Pretrial Diversion Program	District Clerk Technology	District/ County Court Technology	County Speciality Court					
REVENUES Taxes Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 49,000 - - 3,752 - - 52,752	\$ - 300 - 2,313 - 2,613	\$ - 3,616 - - 826 - - 4,442	\$ - 15,962 - - - - - 15,962					
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Health and welfare Debt service: Principal	- 38,680 - - - -	1,785 - - - - -	- 463 - - -	2,892 - - - -					
Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	- - 38,680	- - 1,785	- - 463	- - 2,892					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	14,072	828	3,979	13,070					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of SBITAs Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	- 								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	14,072	828	3,979	13,070					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	107,487	67,970	22,667	39,780					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 121,559</u>	<u>\$ 68,798</u>	<u>\$ 26,646</u>	<u>\$ 52,850</u>					

					Special	Rever	nue				
V	Vaste Vater atment	51st D.A. Special Forfeiture		119th D.A. Special Forfeiture		State Municipal Fees			ate Fees - Criminal	State Fees - Civil	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	2,600		- 17,715		- 10,696		317,035		988,928 -		352,19
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		20,057		668		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,600		37,772		11,364		317,035		988,928		352,19
	2,540		-		-		318,212		988,928		349,04
	-		31,502		10,992		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		12,720		-		-		-		-
	-		408		-		-		-		-
	2,540		44,630		10,992		318,212		988,928		349,04
	60		(6,858)		372		(1,177)				3,14
	-		_		_		_		-		-
	-		(24,885)		-		-		-		
	-		(24,885)		-		-		-		-
	60		(31,743)		372		(1,177)		-		3,14
	130		624,700		16,874		1,383		-		4,25
\$	190	<u>\$</u>	592,957	\$	17,246	<u>\$</u>	206	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	7,40

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		Special F	Revenue	
REVENUES	Child Safety Fee	Child Restraint State Fee	Sheriff Forfeiture	Third Court of Appeals
Taxes Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 25,391 - 1,171 - 26,562	\$ - 7,829 - - - - 7,829	\$ - - 8,687 - 6,055 - - 14,742	\$ - 9,604 - - - - 9,604
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Health and welfare Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	- 17,711 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	7,829 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1,800 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	11,462 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	8,851		12,942	(1,858)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of SBITAs Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	- 		- 	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	8,851	-	12,942	(1,858)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	31,009		179,449	2,867
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 39,860</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 192,391</u>	<u>\$ 1,009</u>

					Special	Reve	nue				
	claimed roperty	Prev	Truancy vention and Diversion	At	County ttorney ant Account		Tax ssessor - llector VIT	Repo	Court rter Service	Edu	udicial cation & upport
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		36,665		20,547		1,330,730		47,723		2,303
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		29,264		-		-
	7,934		-		-		-		-		-
	7,934		36,665		20,547		1,359,994		47,723		2,303
	_		_		_		1,336,433		_		_
	-		-		29,485		-		11,440		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		_		29,485		1,336,433		11,440		-
					· · · ·		, ,		<u>, </u>		
	7,934		36,665		(8,938)		23,561		36,283		2,303
	7,554		30,005		(0,550)		25,501		50,205		2,303
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	(10,000)		-		-		-		-		-
	(10,000)		-		-		-		-		-
	(2,066)		36,665		(8,938)		23,561		36,283		2,303
	7,562		129,444		29,678		73,848		45,540		4,374
<u>\$</u>	5,496	<u>\$</u>	166,109	<u>\$</u>	20,740	<u>\$</u>	97,409	<u>\$</u>	81,823	<u>\$</u>	6,677

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		Special R	evenue	
DEVENUES	County Jury	Justice Court Support	Court Facility Fee	Lang Access
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Fees of office	پ 19,089	^φ - 70,530	э 38,179	پ 14,190
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues	19,089	70,530	38,179	14,190
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Health and welfare Debt service: Principal	8,736 - - - -	75,068 - - - 70,492	- - - -	4,237 - - -
Interest and other charges Capital outlay	-	1,508	-	-
Total expenditures	8,736	147,068		4,237
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,353	(76,538)	38,179	9,953
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of SBITAs Transfers out	-	70,492	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	70,492		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	10,353	(6,046)	38,179	9,953
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	15,925	40,033	68,807	20,520
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 26,278</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 106,986</u>	<u>\$ 30,473</u>

			Special Re	venue	2			D	ebt Service		
5	51st D.A. Outer County		l9th D.A. Outer County	Cl	erk of the Court		7th AJR		Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	- - 548 20,000 20,548	\$	- - 2,506 100,000 102,506	\$	- 124,570 - - - - 124,570	\$	- - 68,990 - - 68,990	\$	4,929,427 - - 27,000 - 4,956,427	\$	4,929,427 5,478,054 37,098 543,379 225,071 441,842 11,654,871
	20,760 - - - - - - - - - -		- 63,636 - - - - - - - - -		- 84,684 - - - - - - - - -		- 68,990 - - - - - - - - -		1,200 - - - 2,625,000 2,111,038		3,608,973 566,680 1,815,256 200 30,321 2,794,741 2,115,792
	- 20,760		- 63,636		- 84,684		- 68,990		- 4,737,238		8,327 10,940,290
	(212) - - -		38,870 - - -		<u>-</u> - - -		- - -		219,189 - - - -		714,581 93,551 (59,885) 33,666
	(212) 10,169		38,870 4,165		39,886 23,397		-		219,189 201,321		748,247 4,883,610
<u>\$</u>	9,957	<u>\$</u>	43,035	<u>\$</u>	63,283	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	420,510	<u>\$</u>	5,631,857

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Investment	Trust	Funds	
	Co	ounty Clerk Trust	D	istrict Clerk Trust	Total Investment Trust Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	1,450,592	\$	1,145,112	\$ 2,595,704
Receivables		-		-	-
Due from other governments					 -
Total assets	\$	1,450,592	\$	1,145,112	\$ 2,595,704
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$ -
Total liabilities	\$		\$		\$
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	1,450,592	\$	1,145,112	\$ 2,595,704
Total net position	\$	1,450,592	\$	1,145,112	\$ 2,595,704

				Custo	dial Funds				
 County Sheriff	C	Juror Donations	Assessor - Collector		afeteria an Trust	 District Attorney	Ca	feteria/ZP	sbondsmen Collateral
\$ 508,354 - -	\$	2,465 - -	\$ 921,804 25,982 -	\$	54,878 - -	\$ 465,164 - -	\$	- - -	\$ 772,820 - -
\$ 508,354	\$	2,465	\$ 947,786	\$	54,878	\$ 465,164	\$		\$ 772,820
\$ 	\$	2,465	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$
\$ 	\$	2,465	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$
\$ 508,354	\$		\$ 947,786	\$	54,878	\$ 465,164	\$	-	\$ 772,820
\$ 508,354	\$	-	\$ 947,786	\$	54,878	\$ 465,164	\$		\$ 772,820

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custo	dial Funds	_	
	Juvenile Probation	CSCD	Total Custodial Funds	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 2,404,721	\$ 4,077,941	\$ 9,208,147	\$ 11,803,851
Receivables	5,537	289	31,808	31,808
Due from other governments		97,602	97,602	97,602
Total assets	\$ <u>2,410,258</u>	\$4,175,832	\$9,337,557	\$11,933,261_
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$2,465	\$2,465
Total liabilities	\$	\$	\$2,465	\$2,465
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations				
and other governments	\$ <u>2,410,258</u>	\$ 4,175,832	\$ <u>9,335,092</u>	\$ 11,930,796
Total net position	\$2,410,258	\$4,175,832	\$9,335,092	\$11,930,796

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Investment Trust Funds	_
	County Clerk District Clerk Trust Trust	Total Investment Trust Funds
INCREASES		
Contributions from judgements Interest Deposits held	\$ 1,733,053 \$ 1,042,687 19,934 1,858	21,792 -
Bonds received Donations	130,075 - 	130,075
Total increases	\$ <u>1,883,062</u> \$ <u>1,044,545</u>	\$ <u>2,927,607</u>
DECREASES		
Deposits returned Disbursements to beneficiaries	\$ - \$ - 	\$ - 2,821,240
Total decreases	\$ <u>2,178,054</u> \$ <u>643,186</u>	\$ <u>2,821,240</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(294,992) 401,359	106,367
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	1,745,584 743,753	2,489,337
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>1,450,592</u> \$ <u>1,145,112</u>	\$ <u>2,595,704</u>

						Custo	dial Funds						
	County Sheriff		luror nations	Та	ax Assessor - Collector		afeteria an Trust		District Attorney	C	afeteria/ZP		sbondsmen Collateral
\$	1,386,527 - - - -	\$	- - - 7,348	\$	- - 79,184,529 - -	\$	- 1,521 51,231 - -	\$	90,509 - - - -	\$	- - 47,169 - -	\$	- - 112,088 - -
\$_	1,386,527	\$	7,348	\$	79,184,529	\$	52,752	\$	90,509	\$	47,169	\$	112,088
\$	- 1,305,236	\$	- 8,653	\$	- 79,105,446	\$	47,287	\$	- 276,153	\$	47,169 _	\$	167,854 -
\$_	1,305,236	\$	8,653	\$	79,105,446	\$	47,287	\$	276,153	\$	47,169	\$	167,854
-	<u>81,291</u> 427,063	(<u>1,305</u>) <u>1,305</u>		79,083 868,703		5,465 49,413	<u>(</u>	<u>185,644</u>) <u>650,808</u>	_		(<u>55,766</u>) <u>828,586</u>
\$_	508,354	\$		\$	947,786	\$	54,878	\$	465,164	\$		\$	772,820

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Custodi	al F	unds	_			
		Juvenile Probation		CSCD	- 	Total Custodial Funds		Total Fiduciary Funds
INCREASES								
Contributions from judgements Interest Deposits held Bonds received Donations	\$	- 72,586 3,410,974 - -	\$	- 119,902 20,525,040 - -	\$	1,477,036 194,009 103,331,031 - 7,348	\$	4,252,776 215,801 103,331,031 130,075 7,348
Total increases	\$	3,483,560	\$	20,644,942	\$	105,009,424	\$	107,937,031
DECREASES								
Deposits returned Disbursements to beneficiaries	\$	2,666,418	\$	21,736,597 -	\$	24,665,325 80,695,488	\$ 	24,665,325 83,516,728
Total decreases	\$	2,666,418	\$_	21,736,597	\$	105,360,813	\$	108,182,053
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)								
IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	_	817,142	(1,091,655)	(351,389)	(245,022)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,593,116		5,267,487		9,686,481		12,175,818
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	2,410,258	\$_	4,175,832	\$	9,335,092	\$	11,930,796

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Tom Green County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tom Green County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tom Green County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tom Green County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tom Green County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tom Green County, Texas' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Tom Green County, Texas' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tom Green County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tom Green County, Texas' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas March 25, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND STATE OF TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Tom Green County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited Tom Green County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024. the County's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and TxGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal and state programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and TxGMS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance teres, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas March 25, 2025

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture: School Lunch Program - Child Nutrition Cluster Total Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture	10.555	226-2024	\$ <u>30,347</u> <u>30,347</u> 30,347
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			
U. S. Department of Justice Passed through Office of the Governor: VOCA - Tom Green County Sheriff's DA Total Passed through Texas Office of the Governor	16.575	3329006	24,830 24,830
Direct Program:			
Tom Green County Juvenile Drug Court Treatment SCAAP Total Direct Program	16.585 16.606	2020-DC-BX-0005 15PBJA-23-RR-05930-SCAA	72,530 32,953 105,483
Passed through Office of the Governor: JAG Equipment Grant Specialized Training - Sheriff's Office	16.738 16.738	4484301 4722701	60,827 47,060
Total Passed through Texas Office of the Governor			107,887
Passed through City of San Angelo: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Passed through City of San Angelo	16.738	15PBJA-23-GG-03819-JAGX	<u> </u>
Total Assistance Listing Number 16.738			116,654
Total U. S. Department of Justice			246,967
U. S. Department of Transportation Passed through Texas Parks and Wildlife:			
Pugh Park-Christoval Trail Improvements Total Passed through Texas Parks and Wildlife	20.219	RT-17019	3,419 3,419
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation: STEP Comprehensive Grant STEP Comprehensive Grant	20.600 20.600	2024-TomGreen-S-1YG-00058 2024-TomGreen-S-CMV-00026	27,700
Total Highway Safety Cluster			39,700
Total Passed through Texas Department of Transportation			39,700
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			43,119
U. S. Department of Treasury			
Direct Program: American Rescue Plan Act - COVID - 19 Total Direct Program	21.027	N/A	7,307,781 7,307,781
Passed through Office of Court Administration American Rescue Plan Act - COVID - 19 Total Passed through Office of Court Administration	21.027	N/A	<u> </u>
Total Assistance Listing Number 21.027			7,467,112
Direct Program:			
Local Assistance & Tribal Consistency Total Direct Program	21.032	N/A	29,289 29,289
Total U. S. Department of Treasury			7,496,401

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U. S. Institute of Museum and Library Services			
Passed through Texas State Library and Archives Commission			
Texas Reads	45.310	TXR-24010	\$ 8,700
Interlibrary Loan Program	45.310	903965	19,369
TSLAC Special Project - STEM	45.310	SSP-24013	73,856
Total Passed through Texas State Library and Archives Commission			101,925
Total Assistance Listing Number 45.310			101,925
Total U. S. Institute of Museum and Library Services			101,925
U. S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through Office of the Governor:			
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	4721201	87,905
Total Passed through Office of the Governor			87,905
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			87,905
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$8,006,664

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

State Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/	Grantor or Pass-through Grantor's	Program Award
Program Title STATE AWARDS	Number	Expenditures
Texas Office of the Governor		
Direct Program:		
Expansion of the ERT Center	DEAAG 2022-02-11	\$ 450,699
Fire Station Conversion at GAFB	DEAAG 2022-02-12	197,110
Total Texas Office of the Governor		647,809
Office of the Attorney General		
Direct Programs:		
Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-DA)	C-00933	41,106
Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-DA)	C-01581	3,808
Total Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-DA)		44,914
Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-CA)	C-00931	41,375
Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-CA)	C-01580	3,693
Total Victim Coordinator Liaison Grant (VCLG-CA)		45,068
Crime Victim Services (OVAG-CIU)	C-00963	32,582
Crime Victim Services (OVAG-CIU)	C-02042	3,082
Total Crime Victim Services (OVAG-CIU)		35,664
SAVNS Maintenance Grant	C-01181	30,285
Total SAVNS Maintenance Grant		30,285
Total Office of the Attorney General		155,931
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		
Direct Program:		
S.B. 22 Sheriff's Office	IA-000000284	497,571
S.B. 22 51st District Attorney	IA-000000288	93,037
S.B. 22 County Attorney	IA-000000244	62,796
S.B. 22 119th District Attorney	IA-000000254	29,139
Total Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		682,543
Texas State Library & Archives Commision		
Direct Program:		
Family Place Training	FPG-24014	5,808
Total Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		5,808
Texas Department of State Health Services		
Passed through West Texas Counseling & Guidance (WTCG):		
HHS Texas Veterans Family & Alliance Program	HHS001234000011	22,773
Total Texas Department of State Health Services		22,773
Texas Commission of Environmental Quality		
Passed through Concho Valley Council of Governments:		
Household Hazardous Waste Project	24-10-05	21,340
Total Texas Commission of Environmental Quality		21,340
Texas Indigent Defense Commission		
Direct Program:		1 401 010
TIDC Sustainability Grant	SG-24-008	1,491,810
Formula Grant Program	212-24-226	84,106
2022 Improvement Grant	PG-22-226	1,108,598
Total Texas Indigent Defense Commission		2,684,514
Total Expenditures of State Awards		\$ 4,220,718

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards (TxGMS). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal and state award programs of the County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. Federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

Indirect Costs

The County has elected not to use the de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements: Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	None	
Federal and State Awards: Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	None reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 100.516(a) or the State of Texas <i>Grant Management Standards</i>	None	
Identification of major programs:		
Assistance Listing Number(s): 21.027	Name of Program or Cluster: American Rescue Plan Act	
Identification of major state program:	Texas Indigent Defense Commission	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B federal programs.	\$750,000	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B state programs	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for federal single audit?	Yes	
Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards		
None		
Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards		

None